## H. CON. RES. 286

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

March 6, 2008
Received and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

## **CONCURRENT RESOLUTION**

Expressing the sense of Congress that Earl Lloyd should be recognized and honored for breaking the color barrier and becoming the first African-American to play in the National Basketball Association League 58 years ago.

- Whereas Earl Lloyd was born in Alexandria, Virginia on April 3, 1928;
- Whereas Earl Lloyd first developed his passion for basketball at the city of Alexandria's segregated Parker-Gray High School;
- Whereas Earl Lloyd was drafted by the NBA in 1950 as a ninth round pick by the Washington Capitols;

- Whereas on October 31, 1950, Earl Lloyd became the first African-American to play in the NBA;
- Whereas Earl Lloyd dissolved the color barrier in the NBA 3 years after Jackie Robinson had done the same in baseball;
- Whereas Earl Lloyd proudly put his professional career on hold and served in the Army for 2 years before returning to the NBA;
- Whereas Earl Lloyd played 560 NBA games and won a championship before retiring in 1960;
- Whereas in 2003, Earl Lloyd was inducted into the Naismith Memorial Basketball Hall of Fame; and
- Whereas the newly constructed basketball court at T.C. Williams in his home town of Alexandria was named in his honor: Now, therefore, be it
  - 1 Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate
  - 2 concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that Earl
- 3 Lloyd should be recognized and honored for breaking the
- 4 color barrier and becoming the first African-American to
- 5 play in the National Basketball Association League 58
- 6 years ago.

Passed the House of Representatives March 5, 2008.

Attest: LORRAINE C. MILLER,

Clerk.